

3,3'-Dichlorobiphenyl-4,4'-diaminium sulfate

Hui-Fen Qian^{a*} and Wei Huang^b

^aCollege of Sciences, Nanjing University of Technology, Nanjing 210009, People's Republic of China, and ^bState Key Laboratory of Coordination Chemistry, Nanjing National Laboratory of Microstructures, School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Nanjing University, Nanjing 210093, People's Republic of China
Correspondence e-mail: qhf@njut.edu.cn

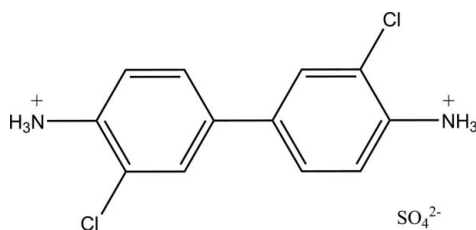
Received 11 July 2011; accepted 12 July 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 291$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$ Å; R factor = 0.036; wR factor = 0.091; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.3.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{12}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_2^{2+}\cdot\text{SO}_4^{2-}$, the two rings are not coplanar [dihedral angle = $48.7(2)^\circ$]. In the crystal, multiple $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen-bond interactions are found between the ammonium and sulfate groups.

Related literature

For related compounds, see: Chawdhury *et al.* (1968); Chu *et al.* (2007); Dobrzycki & Wozniak (2007); You *et al.* (2009).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{12}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_2^{2+}\cdot\text{SO}_4^{2-}$
 $M_r = 351.20$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 6.5475(11)$ Å
 $b = 7.9353(13)$ Å
 $c = 13.363(2)$ Å
 $\alpha = 82.300(2)^\circ$
 $\beta = 81.309(3)^\circ$

$\gamma = 88.765(2)^\circ$
 $V = 680.12(19)$ Å³
 $Z = 2$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.65$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 291$ K
 $0.12 \times 0.12 \times 0.10$ mm

Data collection

Bruker 1K CCD area-detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2000)
 $T_{\min} = 0.926$, $T_{\max} = 0.939$

3484 measured reflections
2369 independent reflections
1825 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.030$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.036$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.091$
 $S = 1.00$
2369 reflections

192 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.25$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.38$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1A}\cdots\text{O3}^{\text{i}}$	0.89	1.78	2.668 (3)	173
$\text{N1}-\text{H1B}\cdots\text{O2}$	0.89	2.10	2.874 (3)	144
$\text{N1}-\text{H1C}\cdots\text{O4}^{\text{ii}}$	0.89	1.90	2.775 (3)	167
$\text{N2}-\text{H2A}\cdots\text{O4}^{\text{iii}}$	0.89	1.90	2.781 (3)	172
$\text{N2}-\text{H2B}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{iv}}$	0.89	1.99	2.865 (3)	166
$\text{N2}-\text{H2C}\cdots\text{O3}^{\text{v}}$	0.89	2.06	2.938 (3)	168

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z$; (ii) $x + 1, y, z$; (iii) $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$; (iv) $x, y, z + 1$; (v) $x + 1, y, z + 1$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2000); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2000); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

We acknowledge the National Natural Science Foundation of China (No. 20871065) and the Jiangsu Province Department of Science and Technology (No. BK2009226) for financial aid.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: FF2021).

References

- Bruker (2000). *SMART, SAINT and SADABS*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
Chawdhury, S. A., Hargreaves, A. & Rizvi, S. H. (1968). *Acta Cryst.* **B24**, 1633–1638.
Chu, Z.-L., Fan, Y., Huang, W. & Liu, J.-L. (2007). *Acta Cryst.* **E63**, o4927.
Dobrzycki, L. & Wozniak, K. (2007). *CrystEngComm*, **9**, 1029–1041.
Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
You, W., Fan, Y., Qian, H.-F., Yao, C. & Huang, W. (2009). *Acta Cryst.* **E65**, o115.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o2059 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811027905]

3,3'-Dichlorobiphenyl-4,4'-diaminium sulfate

H.-F. Qian and W. Huang

Comment

There have been two single-crystal structural investigations on 4,4'-diamino-3,3'-dichlorobiphenyl, namely 4,4'-diamino-3,3'-dichlorobiphenyl (Chawdhury *et al.*, 1968) and 4,4'-Diammonio-3,3'-dichlorobiphenyl dichloride (Dobrzycki & Wozniak, 2007). We have previously reported the single-crystal structures of 2-aminobenzimidazolium hydrogen sulfate (You *et al.*, 2009) and (1*R*,3*S*)-1,2,2-trimethylcyclopentane-1,3-diammonium sulfate (Chu *et al.*, 2007). In this work, we describe the single-crystal structure of a sulfate salt of 4,4'-diamino-3,3'-dichlorobiphenyl.

The atom-numbering scheme of the title salt is shown in Fig. 1. The two phenyl rings are not coplanar with a dihedral angle of 48.7 (2)°. In the crystal packing, multiple N—H···O hydrogen-bond interactions are found between the ammonio and sulfate groups.

Experimental

The treatment of 4,4'-diamino-3,3'-dichlorobiphenyl dissolved in methanol with an excess of sulfuric acid yields the title compound. Single crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction measurement were obtained after 5 days' slow evaporation of the mother liquid at room temperature in air. Anal. Calcd. For C₁₂H₁₂N₂Cl₂²⁺·SO₄²⁻: C, 41.04; H, 3.44; N, 7.98%. Found: C, 41.22; H, 3.63; N, 7.79%.

Refinement

The non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically, whereas the H atoms bonded with carbon, nitrogen and oxygen atoms were placed in geometrically idealized positions (C—H = 0.93 Å and N—H = 0.89 Å) and refined as riding atoms, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ and $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{N})$.

Figures

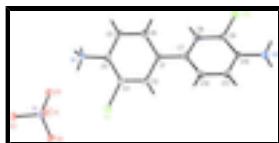


Fig. 1. An ORTEP drawing of the title compound with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.

3,3'-Dichlorobiphenyl-4,4'-diaminium sulfate

Crystal data

C₁₂H₁₂Cl₂N₂²⁺·SO₄²⁻
 $M_r = 351.20$

$Z = 2$
 $F(000) = 360$

supplementary materials

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: -P 1

$a = 6.5475$ (11) Å

$b = 7.9353$ (13) Å

$c = 13.363$ (2) Å

$\alpha = 82.300$ (2)°

$\beta = 81.309$ (3)°

$\gamma = 88.765$ (2)°

$V = 680.12$ (19) Å³

$D_x = 1.715$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 1332 reflections

$\theta = 2.8$ – 27.6 °

$\mu = 0.65$ mm⁻¹

$T = 291$ K

Block, colourless

$0.12 \times 0.12 \times 0.10$ mm

Data collection

Bruker 1K CCD area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
graphite

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2000)

$T_{\min} = 0.926$, $T_{\max} = 0.939$

3484 measured reflections

2369 independent reflections

1825 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.030$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.0$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 2.6$ °

$h = -7 \rightarrow 7$

$k = -8 \rightarrow 9$

$l = -8 \rightarrow 15$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.036$

$wR(F^2) = 0.091$

$S = 1.00$

2369 reflections

192 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0394P)^2]$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.25$ e Å⁻³

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.38$ e Å⁻³

Special details

Experimental. The structure was solved by direct methods (Bruker, 2000) and successive difference Fourier syntheses.

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.7508 (4)	0.2990 (3)	0.4692 (2)	0.0268 (6)
C2	0.5748 (4)	0.2423 (3)	0.4365 (2)	0.0282 (6)
H2	0.4653	0.1965	0.4843	0.034*
C3	0.5626 (4)	0.2540 (3)	0.3332 (2)	0.0264 (6)
C4	0.7242 (4)	0.3252 (3)	0.2613 (2)	0.0236 (6)
C5	0.8970 (4)	0.3847 (4)	0.2935 (2)	0.0290 (7)
H5	1.0043	0.4346	0.2458	0.035*
C6	0.9099 (4)	0.3697 (4)	0.3965 (2)	0.0298 (7)
H6	1.0278	0.4079	0.4174	0.036*
C7	0.7701 (4)	0.2740 (3)	0.5796 (2)	0.0259 (6)
C8	0.9509 (4)	0.2014 (3)	0.6102 (2)	0.0291 (7)
H8	1.0581	0.1721	0.5616	0.035*
C9	0.9706 (4)	0.1731 (3)	0.7124 (2)	0.0252 (6)
C10	0.8127 (4)	0.2160 (3)	0.7859 (2)	0.0230 (6)
C11	0.6338 (4)	0.2909 (3)	0.7563 (2)	0.0273 (6)
H11	0.5279	0.3217	0.8051	0.033*
C12	0.6141 (4)	0.3193 (3)	0.6538 (2)	0.0277 (6)
H12	0.4943	0.3697	0.6342	0.033*
Cl1	0.35323 (11)	0.16699 (10)	0.29449 (6)	0.0399 (2)
Cl2	1.19670 (10)	0.08523 (9)	0.74738 (6)	0.0351 (2)
N1	0.7263 (3)	0.3316 (3)	0.15195 (16)	0.0266 (5)
H1A	0.7437	0.4386	0.1222	0.040*
H1B	0.6069	0.2923	0.1404	0.040*
H1C	0.8295	0.2678	0.1263	0.040*
N2	0.8311 (3)	0.1779 (3)	0.89363 (16)	0.0267 (5)
H2A	0.8553	0.0673	0.9087	0.040*
H2B	0.7141	0.2058	0.9310	0.040*
H2C	0.9351	0.2373	0.9071	0.040*
O1	0.2424 (3)	0.4428 (2)	0.08113 (15)	0.0381 (5)
O2	0.4527 (3)	0.2079 (2)	0.02918 (15)	0.0335 (5)
O3	0.2129 (3)	0.3412 (2)	-0.07783 (14)	0.0306 (5)
O4	0.0875 (3)	0.1693 (2)	0.07938 (15)	0.0311 (5)
S1	0.25232 (10)	0.29314 (8)	0.02901 (5)	0.02355 (19)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0310 (15)	0.0270 (15)	0.0227 (15)	-0.0027 (12)	-0.0041 (13)	-0.0045 (12)
C2	0.0283 (15)	0.0300 (16)	0.0234 (15)	-0.0024 (12)	0.0028 (12)	0.0000 (13)
C3	0.0234 (14)	0.0286 (16)	0.0269 (16)	-0.0015 (12)	-0.0037 (12)	-0.0029 (13)
C4	0.0298 (15)	0.0206 (14)	0.0195 (14)	0.0013 (11)	-0.0039 (12)	0.0002 (11)
C5	0.0284 (15)	0.0311 (16)	0.0257 (16)	-0.0100 (12)	0.0008 (13)	-0.0011 (13)
C6	0.0311 (15)	0.0347 (17)	0.0239 (15)	-0.0073 (13)	-0.0038 (13)	-0.0047 (13)
C7	0.0301 (15)	0.0286 (15)	0.0193 (15)	-0.0046 (12)	-0.0033 (12)	-0.0040 (12)

supplementary materials

C8	0.0264 (15)	0.0346 (17)	0.0249 (16)	-0.0005 (12)	0.0041 (13)	-0.0077 (13)
C9	0.0232 (14)	0.0220 (14)	0.0303 (16)	-0.0028 (11)	-0.0023 (12)	-0.0042 (12)
C10	0.0261 (14)	0.0231 (14)	0.0198 (14)	-0.0046 (11)	-0.0033 (12)	-0.0019 (12)
C11	0.0249 (14)	0.0334 (16)	0.0235 (15)	0.0029 (12)	-0.0010 (12)	-0.0069 (13)
C12	0.0270 (15)	0.0300 (16)	0.0258 (16)	0.0030 (12)	-0.0065 (13)	-0.0008 (13)
Cl1	0.0288 (4)	0.0558 (5)	0.0356 (5)	-0.0112 (3)	-0.0081 (3)	-0.0029 (4)
Cl2	0.0242 (4)	0.0399 (4)	0.0404 (5)	0.0043 (3)	-0.0044 (3)	-0.0040 (4)
N1	0.0275 (12)	0.0301 (13)	0.0220 (13)	-0.0012 (10)	-0.0030 (10)	-0.0027 (11)
N2	0.0269 (12)	0.0304 (13)	0.0233 (13)	0.0014 (10)	-0.0039 (10)	-0.0057 (11)
O1	0.0500 (13)	0.0323 (12)	0.0339 (12)	-0.0032 (10)	-0.0032 (10)	-0.0142 (10)
O2	0.0250 (10)	0.0389 (12)	0.0351 (12)	0.0058 (9)	-0.0044 (9)	-0.0010 (10)
O3	0.0355 (11)	0.0356 (12)	0.0209 (10)	0.0000 (9)	-0.0091 (9)	0.0008 (9)
O4	0.0269 (10)	0.0288 (11)	0.0346 (12)	-0.0033 (8)	0.0008 (9)	0.0013 (9)
S1	0.0221 (4)	0.0265 (4)	0.0211 (4)	-0.0020 (3)	-0.0017 (3)	-0.0015 (3)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—C6	1.385 (4)	C9—Cl2	1.724 (3)
C1—C2	1.396 (4)	C10—C11	1.389 (3)
C1—C7	1.486 (4)	C10—N2	1.454 (3)
C2—C3	1.386 (4)	C11—C12	1.383 (4)
C2—H2	0.9300	C11—H11	0.9300
C3—C4	1.391 (4)	C12—H12	0.9300
C3—Cl1	1.725 (3)	N1—H1A	0.8900
C4—C5	1.383 (4)	N1—H1B	0.8900
C4—N1	1.453 (3)	N1—H1C	0.8900
C5—C6	1.381 (4)	N2—H2A	0.8900
C5—H5	0.9300	N2—H2B	0.8900
C6—H6	0.9300	N2—H2C	0.8900
C7—C12	1.389 (4)	O1—S1	1.4506 (19)
C7—C8	1.398 (4)	O2—S1	1.4636 (18)
C8—C9	1.379 (4)	O3—S1	1.4871 (19)
C8—H8	0.9300	O4—S1	1.4939 (19)
C9—C10	1.384 (4)		
C6—C1—C2	118.6 (3)	C9—C10—C11	119.7 (2)
C6—C1—C7	121.2 (2)	C9—C10—N2	120.2 (2)
C2—C1—C7	120.1 (3)	C11—C10—N2	120.1 (2)
C3—C2—C1	120.3 (3)	C12—C11—C10	119.6 (2)
C3—C2—H2	119.8	C12—C11—H11	120.2
C1—C2—H2	119.8	C10—C11—H11	120.2
C2—C3—C4	120.2 (2)	C11—C12—C7	121.2 (2)
C2—C3—Cl1	119.3 (2)	C11—C12—H12	119.4
C4—C3—Cl1	120.3 (2)	C7—C12—H12	119.4
C5—C4—C3	119.6 (2)	C4—N1—H1A	109.5
C5—C4—N1	117.4 (2)	C4—N1—H1B	109.5
C3—C4—N1	122.8 (2)	H1A—N1—H1B	109.5
C6—C5—C4	119.8 (3)	C4—N1—H1C	109.5
C6—C5—H5	120.1	H1A—N1—H1C	109.5
C4—C5—H5	120.1	H1B—N1—H1C	109.5

C5—C6—C1	121.4 (3)	C10—N2—H2A	109.5
C5—C6—H6	119.3	C10—N2—H2B	109.5
C1—C6—H6	119.3	H2A—N2—H2B	109.5
C12—C7—C8	118.6 (2)	C10—N2—H2C	109.5
C12—C7—C1	122.3 (2)	H2A—N2—H2C	109.5
C8—C7—C1	119.1 (2)	H2B—N2—H2C	109.5
C9—C8—C7	120.2 (2)	O1—S1—O2	111.47 (11)
C9—C8—H8	119.9	O1—S1—O3	109.96 (12)
C7—C8—H8	119.9	O2—S1—O3	109.85 (11)
C8—C9—C10	120.7 (2)	O1—S1—O4	110.49 (12)
C8—C9—C12	118.9 (2)	O2—S1—O4	108.41 (11)
C10—C9—C12	120.3 (2)	O3—S1—O4	106.53 (11)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
N1—H1A \cdots O3 ⁱ	0.89	1.78	2.668 (3)	173
N1—H1B \cdots O2	0.89	2.10	2.874 (3)	144
N1—H1C \cdots O4 ⁱⁱ	0.89	1.90	2.775 (3)	167
N2—H2A \cdots O4 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.89	1.90	2.781 (3)	172
N2—H2B \cdots O2 ^{iv}	0.89	1.99	2.865 (3)	166
N2—H2C \cdots O3 ^v	0.89	2.06	2.938 (3)	168

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z$; (ii) $x+1, y, z$; (iii) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$; (iv) $x, y, z+1$; (v) $x+1, y, z+1$.

Fig. 1

